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### PATENT COOPERATION TRE

### **PCT**

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORTIVED

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

13 AUG 2004

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|  |  |                  |  |                                    |                      |                   | <u></u>   |                                     |
|--|--|------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| JB   | V/P33  | 3071             | gent's file reference  | FOR FURTHER                        | ACTION               | See Notification  | on of Transmittal of Interna<br>xamination Report (Form F | ational<br>PCT/IPEA/416)            |
|  |  | nal app<br>03/00 | olication No.<br>6754  | International filing da 25.06.2003 | te <i>(day/mon</i>   | th/year)          | Priority date (day/mont/<br>26.06.2002                    | n/year)                             |
|  | rmation<br>1K31  |                  | ent Classification (IPC) or b  | oth national classificatio         | on and IPC           |                   | :1  |                                     |
|  | olicant<br>AXO   | GRO              | UP LIMITED et al.  |                                    |                      |                   |   |                                     |
| 1.   | <ol> <li>This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.</li> </ol> |                  |  |                                    |                      |                   |   |                                     |
| 2.   | This   | s REP            | ORT consists of a total o  | f 10 sheets, includin              | g this cove          | er sheet.         |   |                                     |
|  |  | 000              | s report is also accompar<br>n amended and are the t<br>e Rule 70.16 and Section | Jasis for this renort at           | na <i>i</i> or sneet | s containing r    | actifications made befor                                  | ngs which have<br>re this Authority |
|  | The  |                  | nexes consist of a total o   |                                    |                      |                   |   |                                     |
| 3.   | This   | repo             | t contains indications rel   | ating to the following             | items:               |                   |   |                                     |
|  | 1  | $\boxtimes$      | Basis of the opinion   |                                    |                      |                   |   |                                     |
|  | 11   |                  | Priority   |                                    |                      | ;                 |   |                                     |
|  | Ш  | $\boxtimes$      | Non-establishment of o   | pinion with regard to              | novelty, in          | ventive sten a    | nd industrial applicabilit                                | .,                                  |
|  | IV   | $\boxtimes$      | Lack of unity of invention   |                                    |                      | vomave etep a     | na maastrar applicabilit                                  | У                                   |
|  | ٧  | -                |  |                                    | l applicability;     |                   |   |                                     |
|  | VI   |                  | Certain documents cite   |                                    |                      |                   |   |                                     |
|  | VII  |                  | Certain defects in the in  | ternational applicatio             | ก                    |                   |   |                                     |
|  | VIII   Certain observations on the international application   |                  |  |                                    |                      |                   |   |                                     |
| Date   | of sub   | missio           | n of the demand  |                                    | Date of c            | ompletion of this | s report  |                                     |
| 03.12.2003   |  |                  | 12.08.2  | 004                                |                      |                   |   |                                     |
| Name   | Name and mailing address of the international  |                  |  | Authorize                          | d Officer            |                   |   |                                     |
| preliminary examining authority:  European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d |  |                  | Stroete  | r, T                               |                      | A Petantian.      |   |                                     |
|  |  | ı ax.            | : +49 89 2399 - 4465   | •                                  | Telephon             | e No. +49 89 23   | 399-8088  | Othe other                          |

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/EP 03/06754

| l. | Basis | of the | rep | ort |
|----|-------|--------|-----|-----|
|----|-------|--------|-----|-----|

1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

|    | Description, Pages   |  |   |  |
|----|--|--|---|--|
|    |  | 64   | as originally filed   |  |
|    |  |  |   |  |
|    | CI   | aims, Numbers                              | ·   |  |
|    | 1-   | 16   | as originally filed   |  |
| 2  | <ol> <li>With regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the<br/>language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.</li> </ol> |  |   |  |
|    | Th   | ese elements were a                        | vailable or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:  |  |
|    |  | the language of a tr                       | anslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).  |  |
|    |  | the language of pub                        | olication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).  |  |
|    |  |  | anslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under  |  |
| 3. | 3. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:  |  |   |  |
|    |  | contained in the inte                      | rnational application in written form.  |  |
|    |  | filed together with th                     | e international application in computer readable form.  |  |
|    |  |  | ntly to this Authority in written form.   |  |
|    |  | furnished subseque                         | ntly to this Authority in computer readable form.   |  |
|    | The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.   |  |   |  |
|    |  | The statement that t listing has been furn | he information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence ished.                                   |  |
| 4. | The  | amendments have r                          | esulted in the cancellation of:   |  |
|    |  | the description,                           | pages:  |  |
|    |  | the claims,                                | Nos.:   |  |
|    |  | the drawings,                              | sheets:   |  |
| 5. |  | This report has been been considered to g  | established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have so beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)). |  |
|    |  | (Any replacement sh<br>report.)            | eet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this   |  |
| 6. | Add  | itional observations, i                    | f necessary:  |  |

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| !!       | I. No  | on-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability   |  |  |
|----------|--|---|--|--|
| 1        | <ol> <li>The questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non-<br/>obvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of:</li> </ol>   |   |  |  |
|          | ☐ the entire international application,  |   |  |  |
|          | $\boxtimes$  | claims Nos. 10  |  |  |
| because: |  |   |  |  |
|          | ☒  | the said international application, or the said claims Nos. 10 relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination (specify):        |  |  |
|          | see separate sheet   |   |  |  |
|          |  | the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):                       |  |  |
|          |  | the claims, or said claims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.  |  |  |
|          |  | no international search report has been established for the said claims Nos.  |  |  |
| 2.       | <ol> <li>A meaningful international preliminary examination cannot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide and<br/>or amino acid sequence listing to comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative<br/>Instructions:</li> </ol> |   |  |  |
|          |  | the written form has not been furnished or does not comply with the Standard.   |  |  |
|          |  | the computer readable form has not been furnished or does not comply with the Standard.   |  |  |
| IV       | . Lac  | k of unity of invention   |  |  |
| 1.       | In r   | esponse to the invitation to restrict or pay additional fees, the applicant has:  |  |  |
|          |  | restricted the claims.  |  |  |
|          |  | paid additional fees.   |  |  |
|          | ×  | paid additional fees under protest.   |  |  |
|          |  | neither restricted nor paid additional fees.  |  |  |
| 2.       |  | This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied with and chose, according to Rule 68.1, not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees. |  |  |
| 3.       | This   | Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3   |  |  |
|          |  | complied with.  |  |  |
|          |  | not complied with for the following reasons:  |  |  |
| 4.       | Con<br>exa   | sequently, the following parts of the international application were the subject of international preliminary<br>mination in establishing this report:                                  |  |  |

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|  | all | parts. |
|--|-----|--------|
|--|-----|--------|

★ The parts relating to claims Nos. 1-8, 10-16 (each partial), 9 (complete).

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

2, 8, 9

No: Claims

1, 3-7, 10-16

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

2, 8, 9

No: Claims

1, 3-8, 10-16

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-9, 11-16

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

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### **EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET**

### Re Item I Basis of the opinion

As set out in item IV, the present application lacks unity and is divided into five groups of inventions. Since the Applicant had only inventions 1 and 3 searched and furthermore paid the examination fees for these inventions, the following opinion is given on those parts relating to these inventions 1 and 3.

#### Re Item III

Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

Claim 10 relates to subject-matter considered by this Authority to be covered by the provisions of Rule 67.1(iv) PCT. Consequently, no opinion will be formulated with respect to the industrial applicability of the subject-matter of these claims (Article 34(4)(a)(i) PCT).

#### Re Item IV

#### Lack of unity of invention

The application as filed is considered to lack unity of invention since its subject-matter relates not to one but rather to 5 separate inventions as follows:

1. Claims: 1, 3-8, 10-16 (each partial)

compounds (and subject-matter referring to these compounds) of formula (I) wherein R<sup>A</sup> is a carbocyclic bicyclic system.

2. Claims: 1-6, 10-16 (each partial)

compounds (and subject-matter referring to these compounds) of formula (I) wherein RA is a heterocyclic bicyclic system and R5 is a carbocyclic bicyclic system.

3. Claims: 1-8, 10-16 (each partial); 9 (complete)

#### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET**

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compounds (and subject-matter referring to these compounds) of formula (I) wherein RA is a heterocyclic bicyclic system and R5 is a heterocyclic bicyclic system wherein ring (a) is aromatic and ring (b) is non-aromatic.

4. Claims: 1-7, 10-16 (each partial)

compounds (and subject-matter referring to these compounds) of formula (I) wherein R<sup>A</sup> is a heterocyclic bicyclic system and R<sup>5</sup> is a heterocyclic bicyclic system wherein ring (a) is non-aromatic and ring (b) is aromatic.

5. Claims: 1-7, 10-16 (each partial)

compounds (and subject-matter referring to these compounds) of formula (I) wherein RA is a heterocyclic bicyclic system and R5 is a heterocyclic bicyclic system wherein both rings (a) and (b) are aromatic.

These groups presented in the order chosen by the Applicant are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept as required by Rules 13.1 and 13.2 PCT for the following reasons: The identified 5 inventions involve as common structural principle that a bicyclus (here: RA) is linked to a piperidine ring which itself is linked to another bicyclus (here: R5). Structures of such a type are already known from prior art document WO0208224 (D1) wherein various compounds are described possessing two bicyclic rings which are similiarly linked and which also posess antibacterial activity. Thus the technical problem underlying the present application is seen in the provision of further antibacterial compounds and the contributions claimed in the present applications which are possibly made over the prior art are:

- (1) the provision of further antibacterials by replacing the bicyclic heterocyclic substituents disclosed in the compounds of D1 corresponding to present RA with bicyclic carbocycles.
- (2) the provision of further antibacterials by replacing the bicyclic heterocyclic substituents disclosed in the compounds of D1 corresponding to present R5 with bicyclic carbocycles.
- (3) the provision of further antibacterials by replacing the bicyclic heterocyclic substituents disclosed in the compounds of D1 corresponding to present R5 with

**EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET** 

bicyclic heterocycles wherein only ring (a) is aromatic.

- (4) the provision of further antibacterials by replacing the bicyclic heterocyclic substituents disclosed in the compounds of D1 corresponding to present R5 with other bicyclic heterocycles wherein only ring (b) is aromatic.
- (5) the provision of further antibacterials by replacing the bicyclic heterocyclic substituents disclosed in the compounds of D1 corresponding to present R5 with other bicyclic heterocycles wherein both rings (a) and (b) are aromatic.

Remark: Since heterocyclic bicyclic substituents corresponding to R5 or "ring A", respectively, are known from D1 wherein either only ring (b) or both rings (a) and (b) are aromatic, groups 4 and 5 contains various compounds which have no common link among themselves.

These contributions, however, have nothing more in common than each single of these contributions has in common with the mentioned prior art. In other words, starting from D1 these contributions diverge in at least five different directions and are, thus, not so linked as to form one single inventive concept which would support unity of the invention.

#### Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Only subject-matter of groups 1 and 3 was considered in the International Preliminary Examination as explained under item I.

#### 1 Prior art documents

Reference is made to the following documents. The given numbering will be adhered to in the rest of the procedure:

D1: WO 02/08224 A (DAVIES DAVID THOMAS ;MARKWELL ROGER EDWARD (GB); JONES GRAHAM ELGI) 31 January 2002

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- D2: WO 02/056882 A (DAVIES DAVID THOMAS ;MARKWELL ROGER EDWARD (GB); JONES GRAHAM ELGI) 25 July 2002
- D3: WO 03/064421 A (GLAXO GROUP LTD ; PEARSON NEIL DAVID (GB); SEEFELD MARK ANDREW (US)) 7 August 2003
- D4: WO 03/064431 A (GLAXO GROUP LTD ; PEARSON NEIL DAVID (GB); SEEFELD MARK ANDREW (US)) 7 August 2003
- D5: US-B-6 323 2172 (POITEVIN CHRISTOPHE ET AL) 27 November 2001
- D6: EP-A-0 445 862 (JANSSEN PHARMACEUTICA NV) 11 September 1991
- D7: GB-A-1 375 836 (JOHN WYETH & BROTHER LTD.) 27 November 1974
- D8: US-A-5 610 157 (VAN DAELE GEORGES H P ET AL) 11 March 1997

P-document D2 and E-documents D3 and D4 do not form part of the state of the art according to Rule 64.1(b) PCT and are not further considered in the international preliminary examination. For the purposes of this communication the priorities of the present application and the above prior art have not been checked and it has been assumed that they are valid.

D1-D4 are related to compounds having a similar activity than the present ones, i.e. being antibacterials. D5-D8 are related to subject-matter of different technical fields.

#### 2 Novelty (Article 33(2) PCT) and inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT)

The present application is directed to antibacterial compounds comprising a bicyclus (RA) hat is linked to a piperidine ring which itself is linked to another bicyclus (R<sup>5</sup>).

D1 claims and exemplifies compounds wherein a bicyclic heterocycle (corresponding to present RA) is linked to a bicyclic carbocyclic or heterocyclic system (corresponding to R5) wherein ring (b) is always aromatic and ring (a) can be aromatic or non-aromatic (see examples).

D5 claims and exemplifies compounds wherein a inden or benzofurane moiety (corresponding to present RA) is linked to i.a. bicyclic heterocycles (corresponding to present R5) like 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin(5-yl), i.e. wherein ring (a) is aromatic and ring (b) is non-aromatic (see examples).

D6, D7 and D8 claim and exemplify compounds wherein bicyclic heterocycles (corresponding to present RA) like indole are linked to bicyclic heterocycles

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(corresponding to present R⁵) wherein ring (a) is aromatic and ring (b) is non-aromatic (see e.g. example 9, co.nr. 45 of D6 and example 13 of D7).

2.1 First group: Claims 1, 3-8, 10-16 (each partial) comprising compounds wherein a carbocyclic bicyclic system (R<sup>A</sup>) is linked to a bicyclic carbocyclic or heterocyclic system (R<sup>5</sup>).

A part of the compounds of the first group claimed in present claims 1 and 3-7 is anticipated by the content of the document D5, examples 5, 21, 23, 41, 44, 86 and claims therein. Consequently, present claims 10-16 are not novel, too. No bicyclic carbocycles corresponding to present R<sup>A</sup> are claimed and/or exemplified in D1 and D6 to D8 which are thus not relevant for the question of novelty.

Those compounds of claim 8 are novel due to the specific R⁵ moieties mentioned.

In view of the closest prior art D1, the present problem is to be seen in the provision of further structurally related antibacterials. Since no example compounds having a carbocyclic moiety R<sup>A</sup> are present in the present application, there is no evidence that the abovementioned technical problem has been successfully solved and consequently the requirements for inventive step are not fulfilled for the subject-matter of group 1.

2.2 Third group: Claims 1-8, 10-16 (each partial) and 9 (complete) comprising compounds wherein R<sup>A</sup> is a heterocyclic bicyclic system and R<sup>5</sup> is a heterocyclic bicyclic system wherein ring (a) is aromatic and ring (b) is non-aromatic.

A part of the compounds of the third group claimed in present claims 1, 3-7 is anticipated by the content of the document D5, e.g. examples 73, 75 and the claims therein. Likewise, D6 to D8 are novelty-destroying, see e.g. example 9, co.nr. 45 of D6 and example 13 of D7 and claims therein. Consequently, present claims 10-16 are not novel, too, whereas claims 2, 8 and 9 are novel.

The compounds of D1 are not novelty-destroying since ring (b) in the bicycles corresponding to present R<sup>5</sup> is always aromatic.

The abovementioned problem has been solved by modifying the compounds of D1, i.e. replacing the bicyclic heterocyclemoiety R<sup>5</sup> of D1 wherein the ring (b) is

always aromatic with a bicyclic heterocyclemoiety  $R^5$  as in present formula (I) wherein ring (b) is always non-aromatic. There's no teaching in D1 or any other relevant prior art document that ring (b) could be non-aromatic and as such the novel subject-matter, i.e. at present subject-matter of claims 2, 8 and 9, implies an inventive step.

#### 3 Industrial applicability (Article 33(4) PCT)

The subject-matter of the present claims 1 to 9 and 11-16 is in accordance with the requirements of Article 33(4) PCT.

For the assessment of the present claim 10 on the question whether they are industrially applicable, no unified criteria exist in the PCT Contracting States. The patentability can also be dependent upon the formulation of the claims. The EPO, for example, does not recognize as industrially applicable the subject-matter of claims to the use of a compound in medical treatment, but may allow, however, claims to a known compound for first use in medical treatment and the use of such a compound for the manufacture of a medicament for a new medical treatment.

#### 4 Further requirements of the PCT

For the present application the ISA issued a search report wherein it was noted that claims 1-7 relate to an extremely large number of possible compounds. Support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and/or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT is to be found, however, for only a very small proportion of the compounds claimed, i.e. a combination of claims 2, 5 and 8 with the definitions for R<sup>A</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, n, A and B given therein.